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REQUEST FOR ACCESS TO AN APPLICATION UNDER 37 CFR 1.14(e) In re Accileation of Weiss et a Application Number **RFCEIVED** Filed 08/149508 NOV 9 1993 NOV 1 3 2002 Examiner File Information Unit Paper No. #16 Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231 1. I hereby request access under 37 CFR 1.14(a)(2) to the application file record of the above-identified ASANDONED Application, which is not within the file jacket of a pending Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) (37 CFR 1.53(d)) and is: (CHECK ONE) (A) referred to in: United States Patent Application Publication No. ______, page ____, line____, United States Patent Number 6294346 _____, column _____, line _____, or an International Application which was filed on or after November 29, 2000 and which designates the United States, WIPO Pub. No. ______, page ____, line_ ___. (5) referred to in an application that is open to public inspection as set forth in 37 CFR 1.11(b) or 1.14(e)(2)(i), i.e., Application No._____, paper No. ____, page ____, line ____ 2. I hereby request access under 37 CFR 1.14(e)(1) to an application in which the applicant has filed an authorization to lay open the complete application to the public. NOU 13,2007 FONDATO B Apphoved by: File Information



(12) United States Patent Weiss et al.

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(54) USE OF MULTIPOTENT NEURAL STEM CELLS AND THEIR PROGENY FOR THE SCREENING OF DRUGS AND OTHER BIOLOGICAL AGENTS

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of Calgary (CA); Joseph P. Hammang; E. Edward Baetge, both of Barrington,

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this

patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

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(22) Filed: Jun. 7, 1995

Related U.S. Application Data

Continuation-in-part of application No. 08/385,404, filed on Feb. 7, 1995, now abandoned, and application No. 08/376, 062, filed on Jan. 20, 1995, now abandoned, and application No. 08/359,945, filed on Dec. 20, 1994, now abandoned, and application No. 08/338,730, filed on Nov. 14, 1994, now abandoned, and application No. 08/311,099, filed on Sep. 23, 1994, now abandoned, and application No. 08/270,412, filed on Jul. 5, 1994, now abandoned, and application No. on Jul. 3, 1994, now abandoned, and application No. 08/149.508. filed on Nov. 9, 1993, now abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of application No. 07/726,812, filed on Jul. 8, 1991, now abandoned, said application No. 08/961,404, is a continuation of application No. 07/961,813, filed on Oct. 16, 1992, now abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of application No. 07/726,812, said application No. 08/376,062 is a continuation of application No. 08/376 No. 08/376,062, is a continuation of application No. 08/010, 829, filed on Jan. 29, 1993, now abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of application No. 07/726,812, said application No. 08/359,945, is a continuation of application No. 08/221,655, filed on Apr. 1, 1994, now abandoned, which is a continuation of application No. 07/967,622, filed on Oct. 28, 1992, now abandoned, which is a continuationin-part of application No. 07/726,812, said application No. 08/338,730, is a continuation-in-part of application No. 07/726,812, said application No. 08/311,099, is a continuation-in-part of application No. 07/726,812, said application No. 08/270,412, is a continuation-in-part of application No. 07/726,812.

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(52)	U.S. Cl
(58)	Field of Search

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(57) ABSTRACT

A culture method for determining the effect of a biological agent on multipotent neural stem cell progeny is provided. In the presence of growth factors, multipotent neural stem cells are induced to proliferate in culture. The multipotent neural stem cells may be obtained from normal neural tissue or from a donor afflicted with a disease such as Alzheimer's Disease, Parkinson's Disease or Down's Syndrome. At various stages in the differentiation process of the multipotent neural stem cell progeny, the effects of a biological agent, such as a virus, protein, peptide, amino acid, lipid, carbohydrate, nucleic acid or a drug or pro-drug on cell activity are determined. Additionally, a method of screening the effects of biological agents on a clonal population of neural cells is provided. The technology provides an efficient method for the generation of large numbers of pre- and post-natal neural cells under controlled, defined conditions. The disclosed cultures provide an optimal source of normal and diseased neural cells at various developmental stages, which can be screened for potential side effects in addition to testing the action and efficacy of different biological agents.